WASHINGTON DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT PROGRAM

FRESHWATER MONITORING UNIT

STREAM DISCHARGE TECHNICAL NOTES

STATION ID: 20A070

STATION NAME: Sol Duc River

WATER YEAR: WY2011

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Introduction

Watershed Description

The Sol Duc River is approximately 78 miles long. The river flows west--northwest from the Olympic mountains near the town of Forks, Washington. Main tributaries to the Sol Duc include both the North and South forks as well as Bear Creek, Beaver Creek, and Lake Creek. The Sol Duc supports stocks of coho, chinook, and sockeye salmon as well as native runs of steelhead and cutthroat trout. The drainage encompasses parts of Olympic National Park and Olympic National Forest as well as private commercial timberlands in the lower elevations. The Sol Duc River joins with the Calawah and Bogachiel rivers to form the Quillayute, a tributary to the Pacific Ocean near LaPush, Washington.

Gage Location

The stream gage is located on the right bank of the river on the upstream side of the Quillayute Road bridge at (approximately) river mile 13.8.

Table 1.

Drainage Area (square miles)	219
Latitude (degrees, minutes, seconds)	47 57 07 N
Longitude (degrees, minutes, seconds)	124 28 03 W

Discharge

Table 2. Discharge Statistics.

Mean Annual Discharge (cfs)	1770
Median Annual Discharge (cfs)	1330
Maximum Daily Mean Discharge (cfs)	16100
Minimum Daily Mean Discharge (cfs)	196
Maximum Instantaneous Discharge (cfs)	22200
Minimum Instantaneous Discharge (cfs)	190
Discharge Equaled or Exceeded 10 % of Recorded Time (cfs)	3690
Discharge Equaled or Exceeded 90 % of Recorded Time (cfs)	344
Number of Days Discharge is Greater Than Range of Ratings	0
Number of Days Discharge is Less Than Range of Ratings	0

Note: Statistics displayed in Table 2 may not include values in which the predicted discharge exceeds the range of ratings.

Narrative

Discharge for the Sol Duc River in Water Year 2011 was marked by early autumn rains that persisted through October and November. The highest discharge of the year was recorded on December 12, 2010 during a strong but relatively fast--moving storm event. Several moderate events occurred throughout the winter. Discharge began to decline gradually in June 2011 until a moderately strong storm in late September 2011 increased discharge from baseflow conditions. The lowest discharge of the Water Year occurred on September 21, 2011.

Error Analysis

Table 3. Error Analysis Summary.

Logger Drift Error (% of discharge)	1.3
Weighted Rating Error (% of discharge)	9.9
Total Potential Error (% of discharge)	11.2

Rating Table(s)

Table 4. Rating Table Summary

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Rating Table No.	3	
Period of Ratings	10/01-09/30	
Range of Ratings (cfs)	0.001-21,350	
No. of Defining Measurements	32	
Rating Error (%)	9.9	
Rating Table No.		
Period of Ratings		
Range of Ratings (cfs)		
No. of Defining Measurements		
Rating Error (%)		
Rating Table No.		
Period of Ratings		
Range of Ratings (cfs)		
No. of Defining Measurements		
Rating Error (%)		

Narrative

The rating curve (rating 3) for the Sol Duc river gaging station is both stable and robust. The control structure for defining the curve is composed primarily of moderately large to large boulders.

Stage Record

Table 5. Stage Record Summary

Minimum Recorded Stage (feet)	15.41
Maximum Recorded Stage (feet)	32.63
Range of Recorded Stage (feet)	17.22
Number of Un-Reported Days	0
Number of Days Qualified as Estimates	0
Number of Days Qualified as Unreliable Estimates	0

Narrative

The stage record for Water Year 2011 is continuous and complete.

Modeled Discharge

Table 6. Model Summary

Model Type (Slope conveyance, other, none)	
Range of Modeled Stage (feet)	
Range of Modeled Discharge (cfs)	
Valid Period for Model	
Model Confidence	

Surveys

Table 7. Survey Type and Date (station, cross section, longitudinal)

Туре	Date	
Activities Completed		